

**Figure S1. The four plasmids used in this study. A)** The control plasmid contains the  $P_{SSEJ}/GFP$  and  $P_{lac}/DsRed$  genetic circuits as well as chloramphenicol resistance and the ColE1 origin of replication. It was transformed into the Sal and S-Sal ( $\Delta sipB$ ) strains. **B**) The motility induction plasmid contains all of the components of the control plasmid (panel *A*) in addition to an arabinose inducible  $P_{BAD}/flhDC$  genetic circuit. This plasmid was transformed into the F-Sal and FS-Sal strains. **C**) The constitutive GFP control plasmid contains the  $P_{lac}/GFP$  genetic circuit, ampicillin resistance, and the ColE1 origin of replication. This plasmid was transformed into the control *Salmonella* and  $\Delta flgE$  strains for measurement of cell invasion and intracellular growth. **D**) The motility induction, constitutive GFP plasmid contains all of the constitutive GFP plasmid (panel *C*) in addition to an arabinose inducible  $P_{BAD}/flhDC$  genetic circuit. This plasmid was transformed into the an arabinose inducible  $P_{BAD}/flhDC$  genetic circuit. This plasmid was transformed into the control *Salmonella* and  $\Delta flgE$  strains for measurement of cell invasion and intracellular growth. **D**) The motility induction, constitutive GFP plasmid contains all of the components of the constitutive GFP plasmid (panel *C*) in addition to an arabinose inducible  $P_{BAD}/flhDC$  genetic circuit. This plasmid was transformed into the *Salmonella*+pflhDC and  $\Delta flgE$ +pflhDC strains for measurement of cell invasion and intracellular growth.