substantially reduced and no cytotoxicity was observed. To further investigate the underlying mechanism, we analyzed tumor infiltrating lymphocytes (TIL) and as expected, we observed the increase in the number of CD8+ T cells in TIL, compared to control group. Interestingly, our tumor re-challenge result demonstrates that TMEkine (CD20-IL-12) protected animals from tumor recurrence implying that immunologic memory response was generated upon our TMEkine (CD20-IL-12) treatment.

Conclusions Altogether, our data suggest that TMEkine (CD20-IL-12) as an efficacious tumor targeting cytokine opening up a new avenue for the treatment of B-cell lymphoma.

http://dx.doi.org/10.1136/jitc-2020-SITC2020.0631